

# Automated Plugin Loading PHP Documentation

This page provides information on how a JSP script can be used to automatically load plugins into EditLive!. For more information on plugins, see the [Creating and Using Plugins in the Applet](#) article in the [Developer Guide](#) for this SDK.

## Getting Started

### Required License

EditLive!'s [Advanced API](#) and [Plugin](#) functionality is only supported if an EditLive! [Enterprise Edition](#) license has been installed for the editor or if the user is still within their 30 day trial period.

### Required Skills

The following skills are required prior to working with this sample:

- Creating reusable functions in Java Server Pages
- Basic client-side JavaScript

### Set Up Your Server

Ensure you have set up your Web server for Java server-side processing, as described in the EditLive! [Install Guide](#).

## Overview

In this example, EditLive! is created using the Javascript [Load Time Methods](#). A function is called in a JSP script which will write out additional load-time properties to instantiate each plugin located in a specific directory.

A database is not required for this example. You can not perform any saving of document content in this example due to the lack of server-side processing in the example code and the absence of a database.

This sample demonstrates how to perform the following with EditLive! and JSP:

- Iterate through all plugins located in a specific directory and dynamically call to the EditLive! load-time properties to load each plugin.

## JSP Script for Automatically Adding Plugins

### pluginLoader.jsp

The pluginLoader.jsp script contains a Java function called loadPlugins. loadPlugins contains a routine for searching through a specified directory, locating any instances of .xml files. If an .xml file is found, a call to the [addPluginAsText property](#) for EditLive! is written to the page.

loadPlugins requires the following parameters:

- **out** - The JspWriter instance used by the ServletResponse to write to the webpage.
- **elName** - The name of the javascript variable used to specify load-time and run-time properties of EditLive!
- **pluginsDirectory** - The path to the directory on the server containing all of the desired EditLive! plugins.
- **pluginsURL** - The URL for the directory on the server containing all of the desired plugins.

## Initializing EditLive! for Java and Automatically Loading the Plugins

### example.jsp

To embed EditLive! within a Web page and automatically load all plugins found in a specified directory, several steps are required. Each of these steps is explained here with code samples provided.

1. Create an instance of EditLive! using the javascript [Load Time Methods](#).

```

<html>
  <head>
    <title>Automated Plugin Loading Example - JSP</title>
    <link rel="stylesheet" href="stylesheet.css">
    <!--
    Include the EditLive! JavaScript Library
    -->
    <script src="../../redistributables/editlivejava/editlivejava.js" language="JavaScript"></script>
  </head>
  <body>

    <h1>Automated Plugin Loading Example</h1>

    <p>This example depicts how a JSP script can be used to add all of the plugins located
    in a specific to an EditLive! instance.</p>

    <!--
    The instance of EditLive!
    -->
    <script language="JavaScript">
      // Create a new EditLive! instance with the name "ELApplet", a height of 400 pixels and
a width of 700 pixels.
      var editlive = new EditLiveJava("ELApplet", 700, 400);

      // This sets a relative or absolute path to the XML configuration file to use
editlive.setConfigurationFile("../../redistributables/editlivejava/sample_eljconfig.
xml");

      // .show is the final call and instructs the JavaScript library (editlivejava.js) to
insert a new EditLive! instance
      // at the this location.
      editlive.show();
    </script>
  </body>
</html>

```

2. Define the Content type for the page and created a reference to the pluginLoader.jsp script.

```

<%@page contentType="text/html"%>

<%@ include file="pluginLoader.jsp" %>

<html>
  <head>
    <title>Automated Plugin Loading Example - JSP</title>
    <link rel="stylesheet" href="stylesheet.css">
    <!--
    Include the EditLive! JavaScript Library
    -->
    <script src="../../redistributables/editlivejava/editlivejava.js" language="JavaScript"></script>
  </head>
  <body>

    <h1>Automated Plugin Loading Example</h1>

    <p>This example depicts how a JSP script can be used to add all of the plugins located
    in a specific to an EditLive! instance.</p>

    <!--
    The instance of EditLive!
    -->
    <script language="JavaScript">
      // Create a new EditLive! instance with the name "ELApplet", a height of 400 pixels and
      a width of 700 pixels.
      var editlive = new EditLiveJava("ELApplet", 700, 400);

      // This sets a relative or absolute path to the XML configuration file to use
      editlive.setConfigurationFile("../../redistributables/editlivejava/sample_eljconfig.
xml");

      // .show is the final call and instructs the JavaScript library (editlivejava.js) to
      insert a new EditLive! instance
      // at the this location.
      editlive.show();
    </script>
  </body>
</html>

```

3. Create the Strings representing the path and the URL to the plugins directory on the server.

```

<%@page contentType="text/html"%>

<%@ include file="pluginLoader.jsp" %>

<html>
  <head>
    <title>Automated Plugin Loading Example - JSP</title>
    <link rel="stylesheet" href="stylesheet.css">
    <!--
    Include the EditLive! JavaScript Library
    -->
    <script src="../../redistributables/editlivejava/editlivejava.js" language="JavaScript"></script>
  </head>
  <body>

    <h1>Automated Plugin Loading Example</h1>

    <p>This example depicts how a JSP script can be used to add all of the plugins located
    in a specific to an EditLive! instance.</p>

    <!--
    The instance of EditLive!
    -->
    <script language="JavaScript">
      // Create a new EditLive! instance with the name "ELApplet", a height of 400 pixels and
      a width of 700 pixels.
      var editlive = new EditLiveJava("ELApplet", 700, 400);

      // This sets a relative or absolute path to the XML configuration file to use
      editlive.setConfigurationFile("../../redistributables/editlivejava/sample_eljconfig.
xml");

      <%
        String pluginsDir = getServletContext().getRealPath("/examplePlugins/");
        String pluginsURL = request.getScheme() + "://" + request.getServerName() + ":"
+ request.getServerPort() + request.getContextPath() + "/examplePlugins/";
      %>

      // .show is the final call and instructs the JavaScript library (editlivejava.js) to
      insert a new EditLive! instance
      // at the this location.
      editlive.show();
    </script>
  </body>
</html>

```

4. Call to the loadPlugins function (located in the pluginLoader.jsp script), passing the required parameters.

```

<%@page contentType="text/html"%>

<%@ include file="pluginLoader.jsp" %>

<html>
  <head>
    <title>Automated Plugin Loading Example - JSP</title>
    <link rel="stylesheet" href="stylesheet.css">
    <!--
    Include the EditLive! JavaScript Library
    -->
    <script src="../../redistributables/editlivejava/editlivejava.js" language="JavaScript"></script>
  </head>
  <body>

    <h1>Automated Plugin Loading Example</h1>

    <p>This example depicts how a JSP script can be used to add all of the plugins located
    in a specific to an EditLive! instance.</p>

    <!--
    The instance of EditLive!
    -->
    <script language="JavaScript">
      // Create a new EditLive! instance with the name "ELApplet", a height of 400 pixels and
      a width of 700 pixels.
      var editlive = new EditLiveJava("ELApplet", 700, 400);

      // This sets a relative or absolute path to the XML configuration file to use
      editlive.setConfigurationFile("../../redistributables/editlivejava/sample_eljconfig.
xml");

      <%
        String pluginsDir = getServletContext().getRealPath("/examplePlugins/");
        String pluginsURL = request.getScheme() + "://" + request.getServerName() + ":"
+ request.getServerPort() + request.getContextPath() + "/examplePlugins/";

        loadPlugins(out, "editlive", pluginsDir, pluginsURL);
      %>

      // .show is the final call and instructs the JavaScript library (editlivejava.js) to
insert a new EditLive! instance
      // at the this location.
      editlive.show();
    </script>
  </body>
</html>

```

## Summary

Using a server-side script, developers can store all desired plugins in a single directory and ensure each plugin is loaded with EditLive!. This solution can cut down on maintenance times required for continually hand-coding load-time properties for each new plugin desired to function with EditLive!.